



Lithium Production Case Study



#FutureOfSimulation
Simulation Technology for the Energy Transition



Agenda

General Review of Lithium Exploitation

- Reserves
- Market
- Type of sources

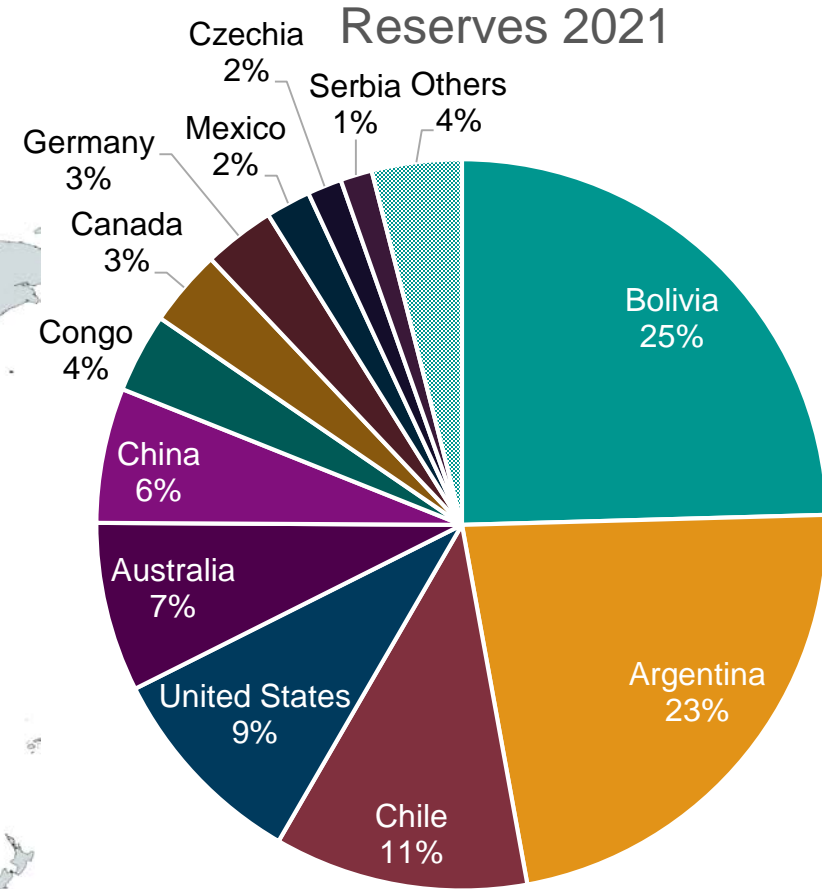
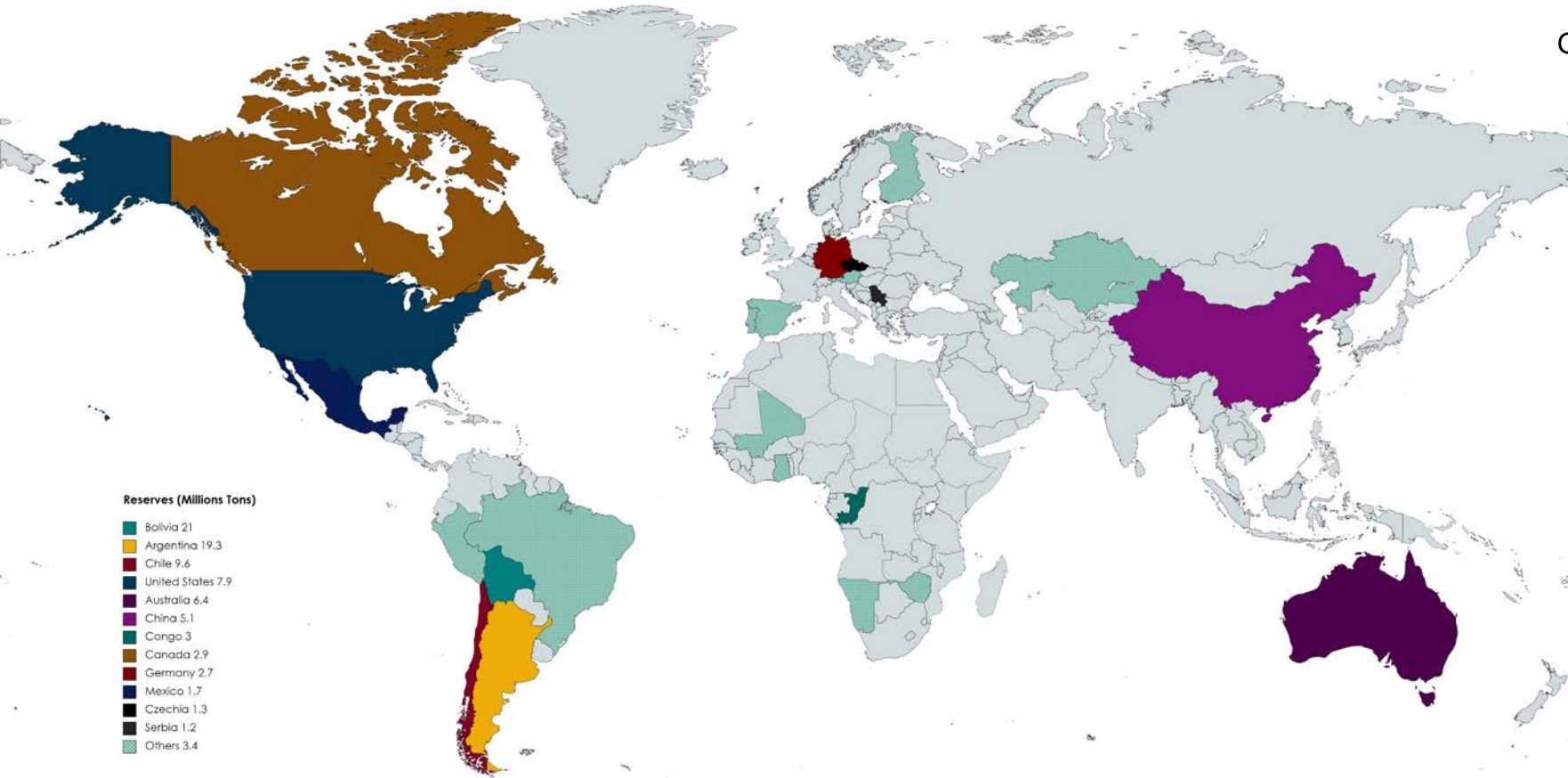
CMG Technology to Simulate Lithium Production

- GEM/STARS
- CMOST



General Review of Lithium Exploitation

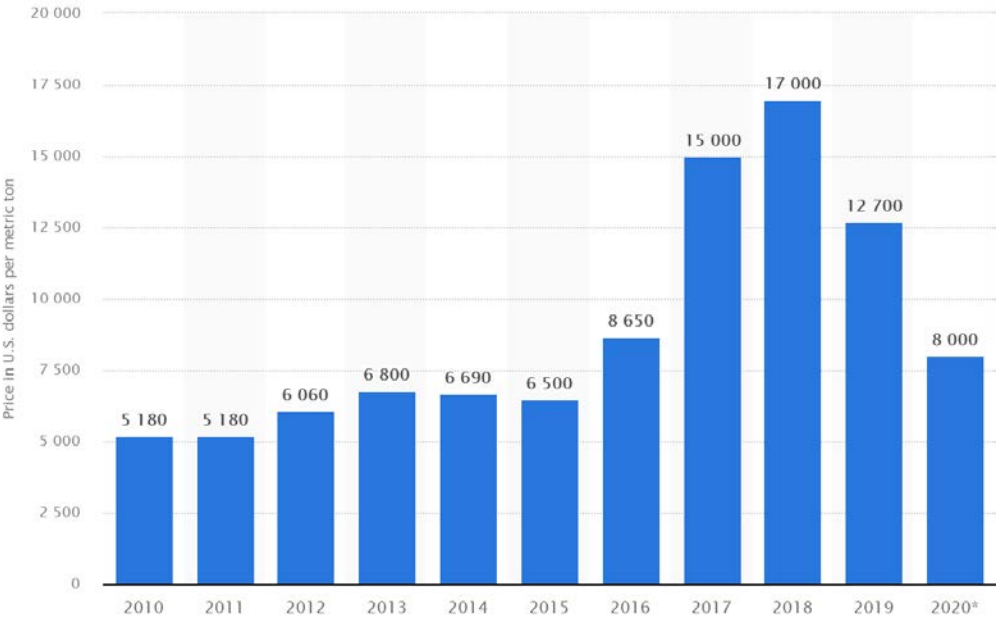
Worldwide Lithium Reserves



- Total World Reserves of 86 million tons
- Others: Peru, Mali, Zimbabwe, Brazil, Spain, Portugal, Ghana, Austria, Finland, Kazakhstan, Namibia

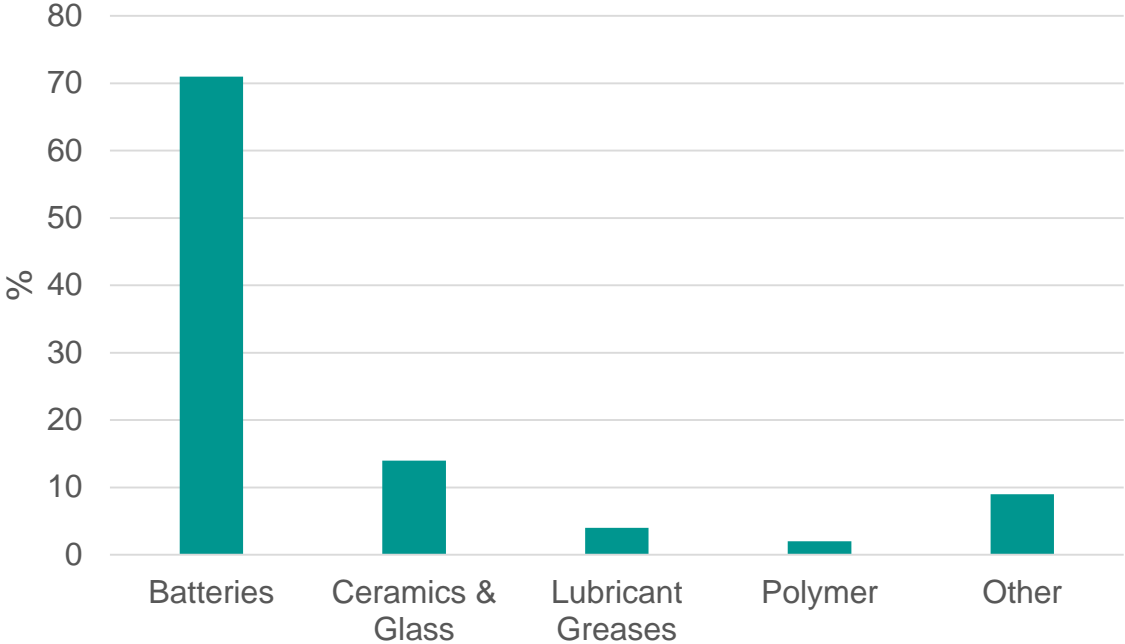
Source: modified from U.S. Geological Survey, Mineral Commodity Summaries, January 2021

Market

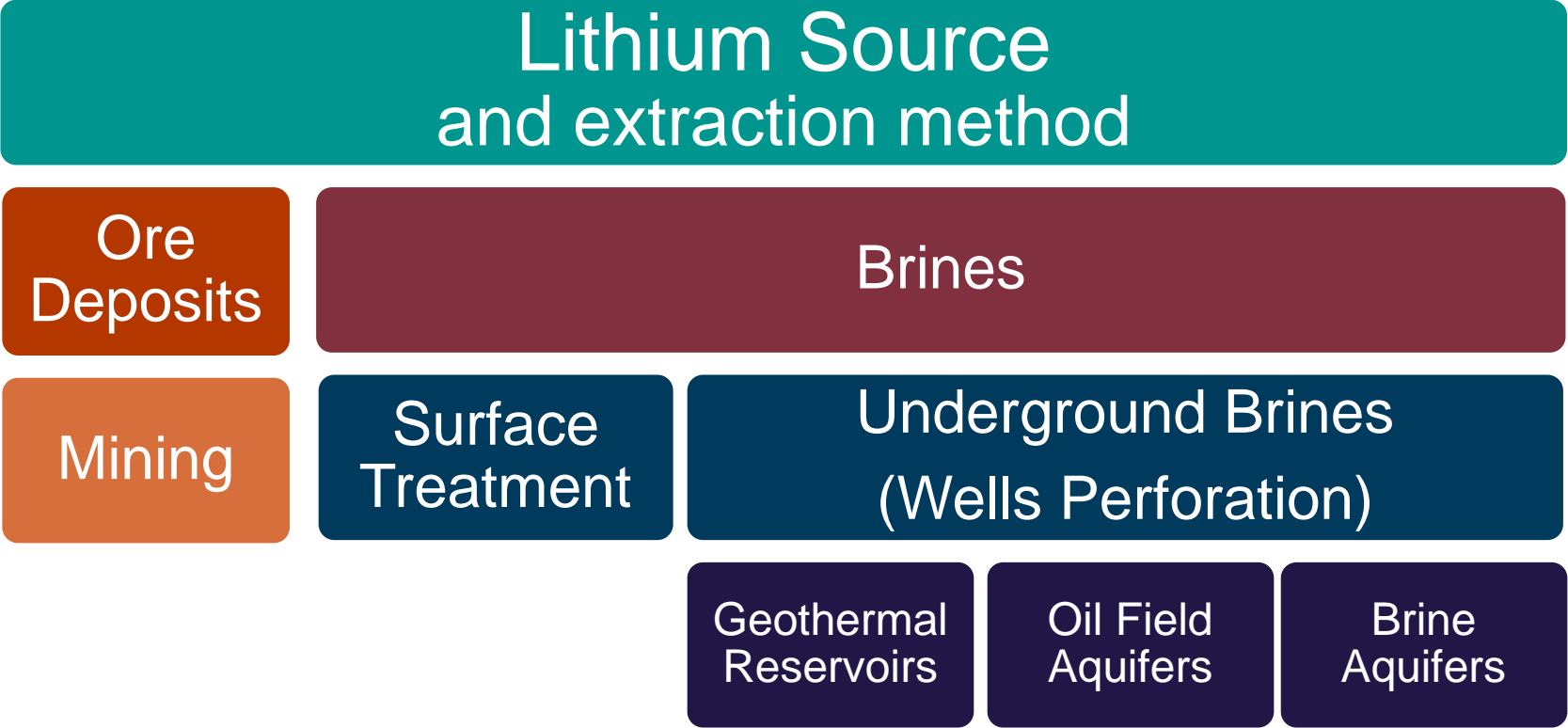


Source: Statista

Global end-use market (2021)



General Review



Modelled by



Lithium Recovery Techniques

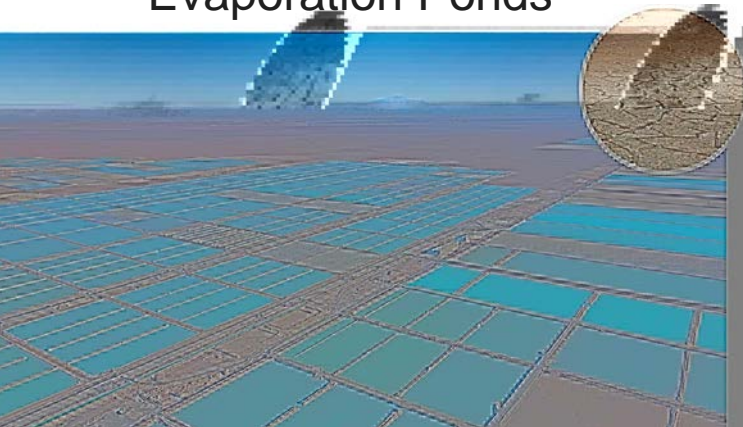


Source: Reuters, 2019

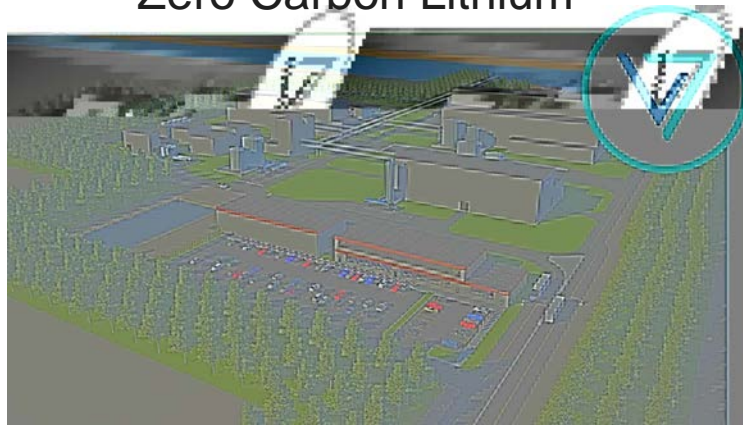
Hard Rock Mining



Evaporation Ponds



Zero Carbon Lithium

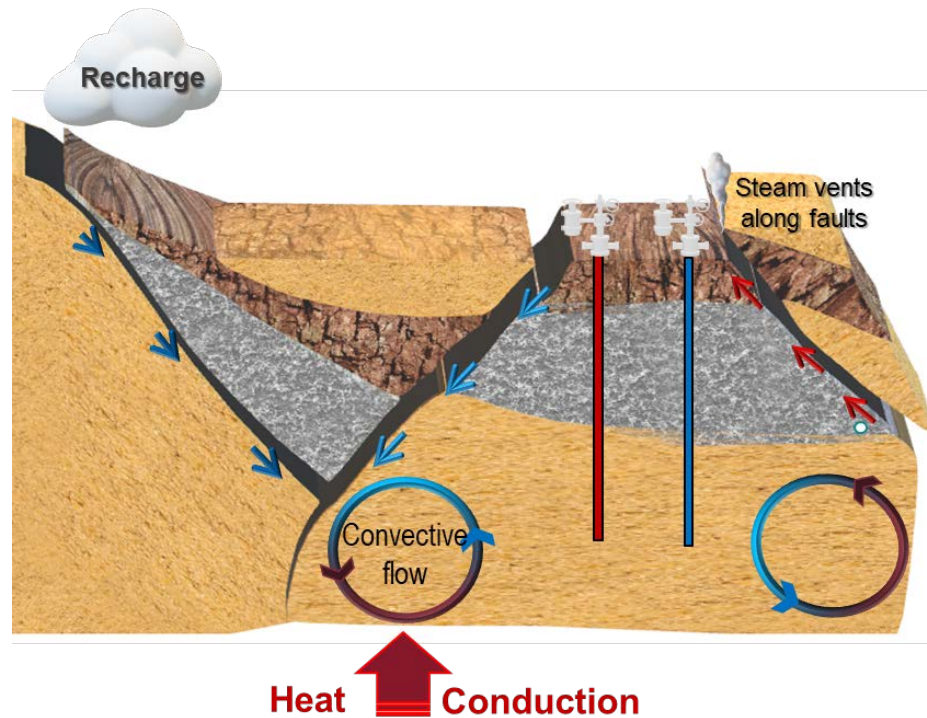


CO2 (kg)	15,000	5,000	0
Water (m3)	170	469	80
Land (m2)	464	3124	6
Cost (\$)	6,855	5,872	3,140

Source: Vulcan Energy and Minviro LCA, 2020

Geothermal Aquifers

Geothermal Energy & Lithium Extraction



Geothermal brine

water produced from geothermal reservoirs

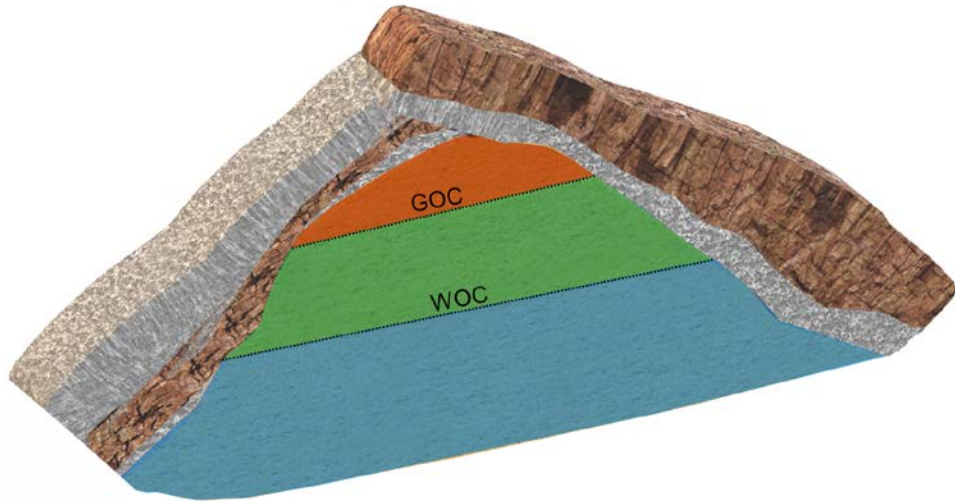
- Hybrid processes for electricity and Lithium production
- Some fields have considerable Lithium associated with deep geothermal brines – can provide massive additional revenue
- Under research

- *Cerro Prieto (Mex)*



- *Salton Sea (USA)*
Can provide 40% of global Lithium demand (CEC)

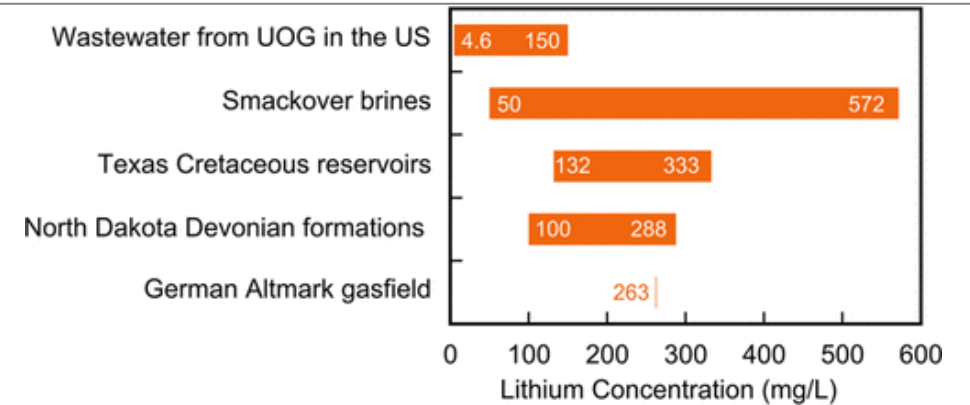
Oil Field Aquifers



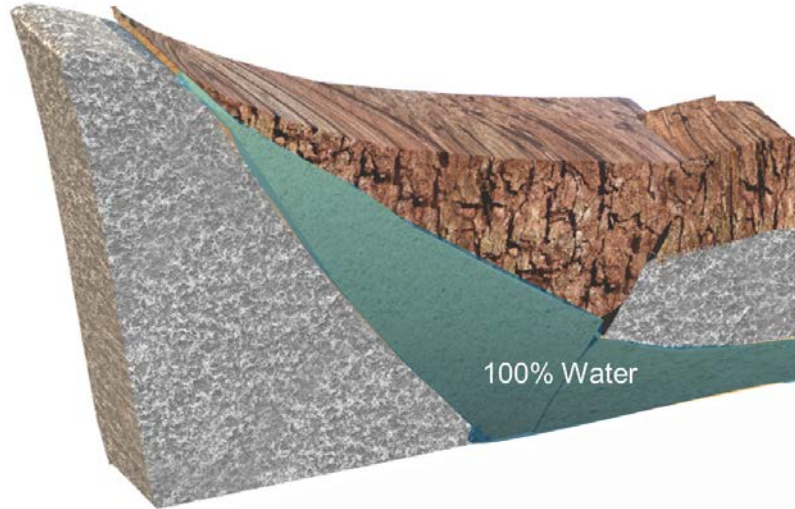
Waste Water Water produced from existing fields

- Lower Lithium concentration
- No new wells needed
- Additional revenue by separating and extracting Lithium

Over 7 Mt LCE in Leduc Formation (E3 Metals, Alberta)



Brine Aquifers



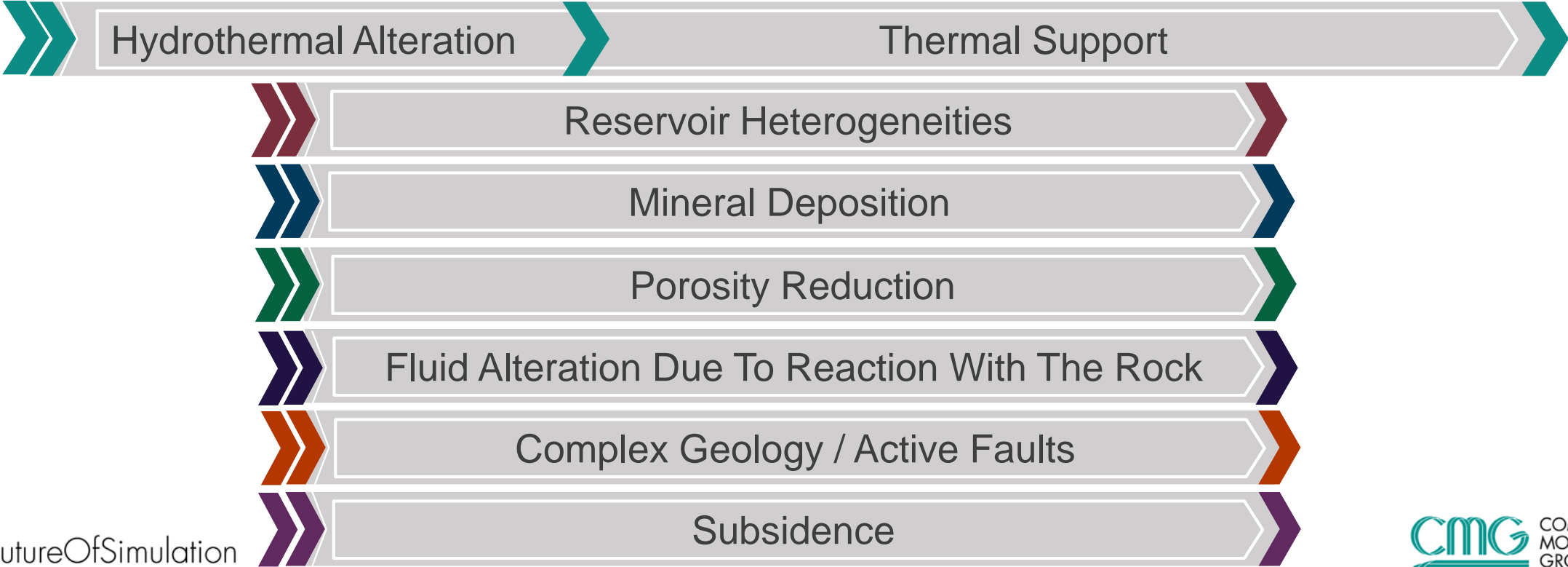
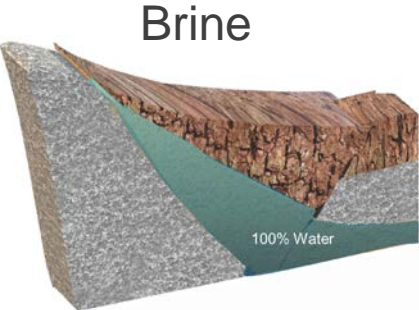
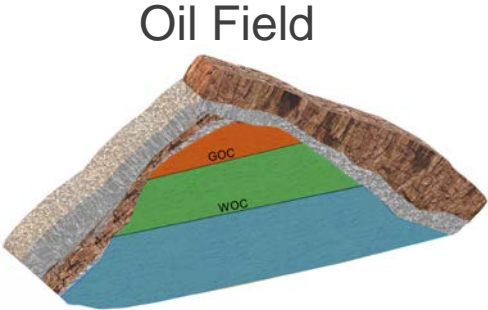
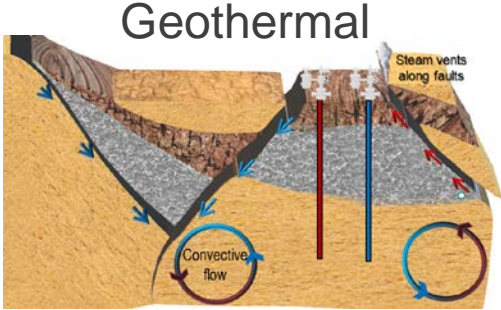
STARS	GEM	<h2>Brine</h2> <h3>Water from aquifers</h3>
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Higher Lithium concentration• Projects exclusive for Lithium extraction (no oil/gas production)		



- Clayton Valley (USA)
- Uyuni (Bolivia)
- Atacama (Argentina)
- Kachi (Argentina)



Phenomena involved



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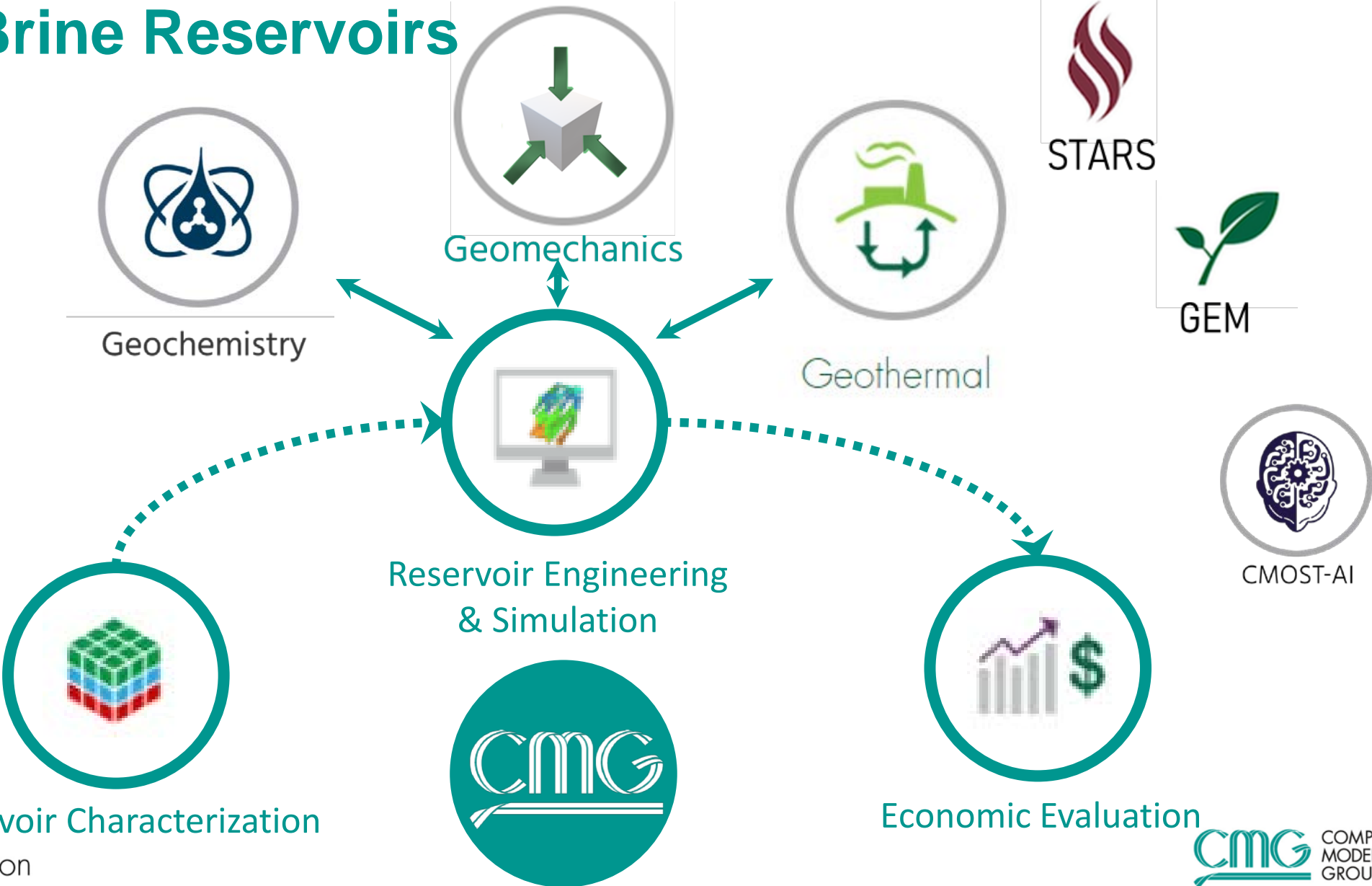
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CMG Technology to simulate Lithium production

Lithium Brine Reservoirs

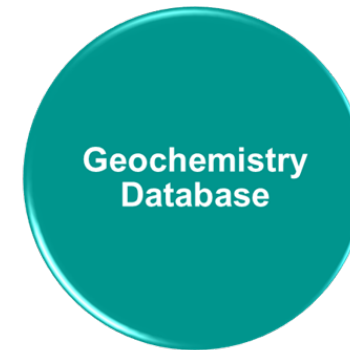


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Lithium Brine Reservoirs Modelling

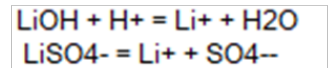


Geochemistry



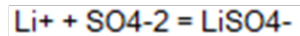
THERMO

THERMO



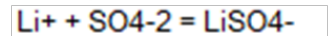
PHREEQC

PHREEQC



Minteq V4

Minteq.V4



GEM



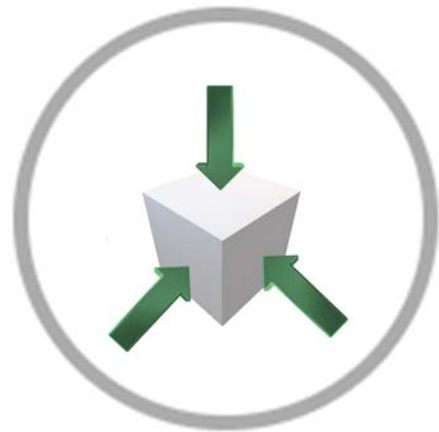


Geothermal

Heat Transfer Effects

Wellbore conduction and convection

Effects in the Brine Quality



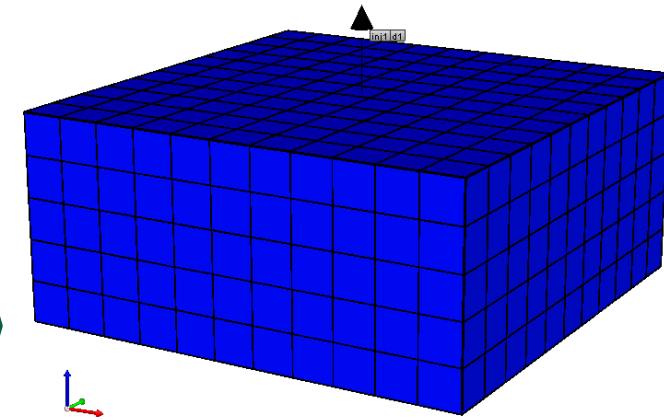
Geomechanics

Geomechanical properties dependent on porosity and solid components

Stress-induced phenomena, collapse of formation near the well, and elastic or plastic deformation

Mechanistic models of compaction and 3D dilation to study the effect of stress on porosity

The direct relationship between stress and fracture or matrix permeability





Example



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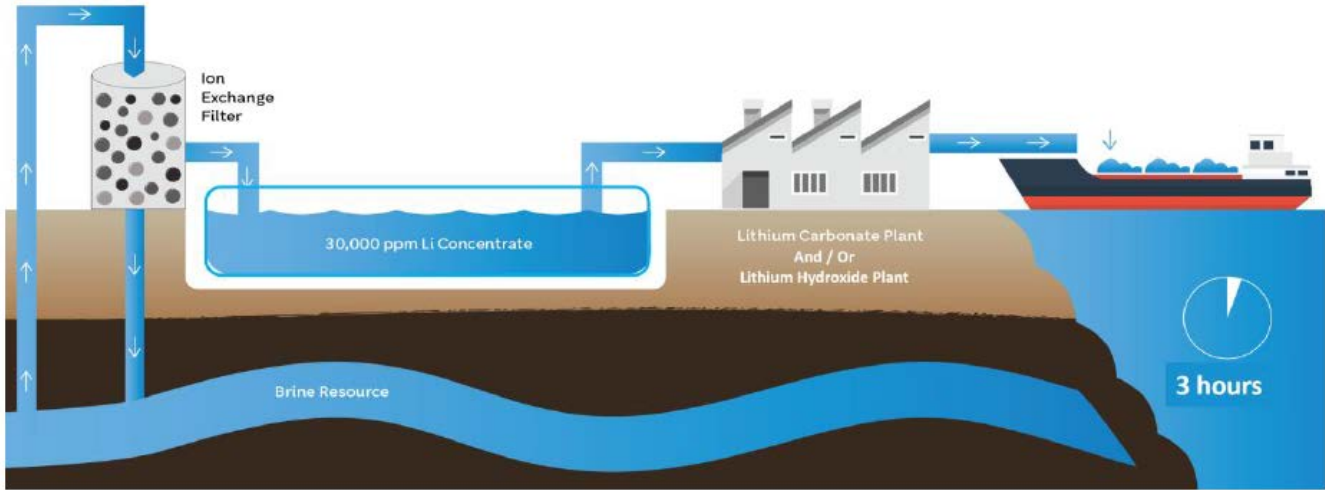
cmgl.ca

Kachi Lithium Brine Project



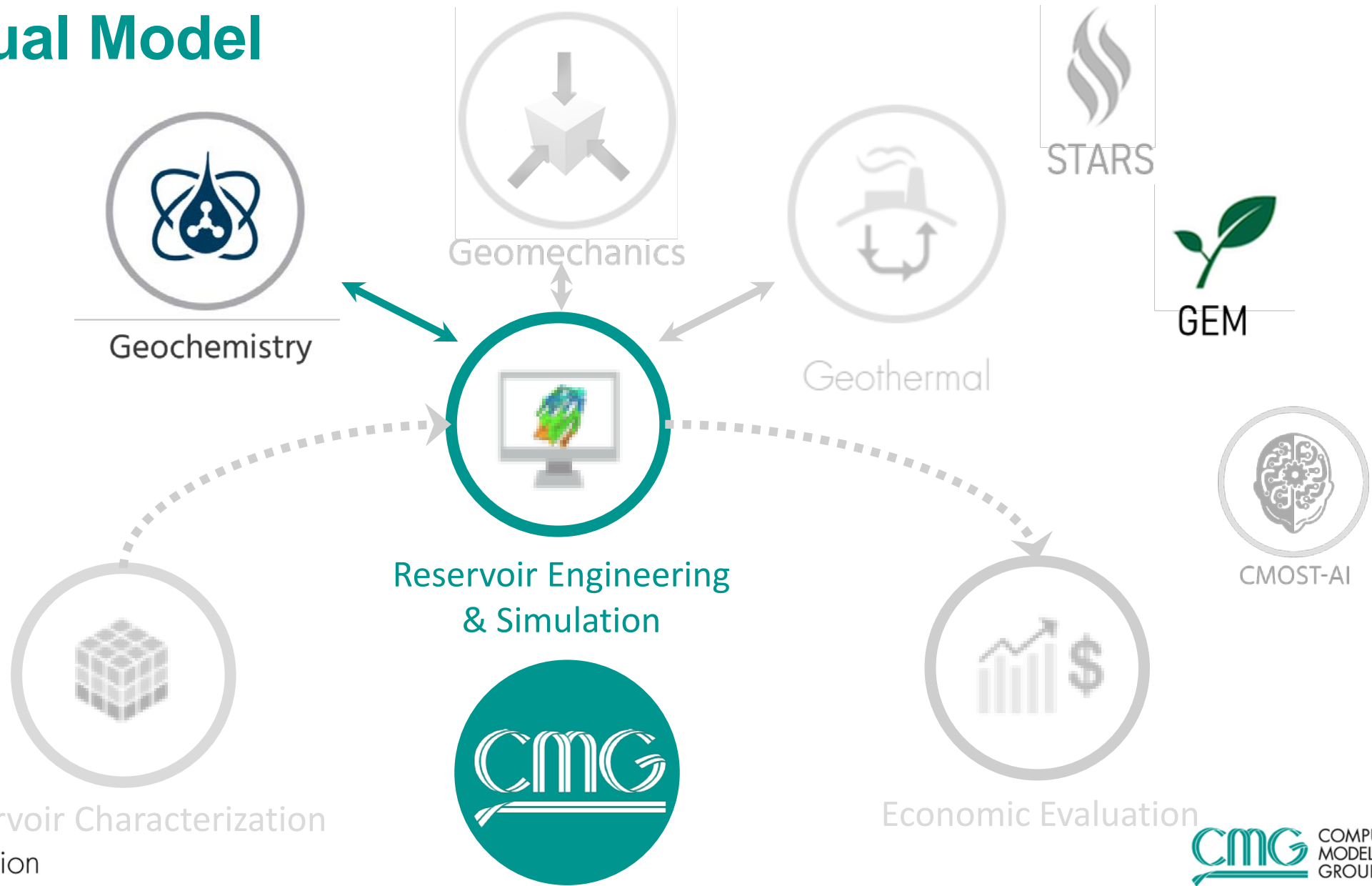
Litio Catamarca: Lake Resources avanza con la factibilidad de Kachi - Mining Press

Extraction scheme Ion Exchange Lilac Solutions



PRESS RELEASE: Pilot Plant Engineering Underway at Kachi Lithium Project — Lilac Solutions: Lithium Extraction

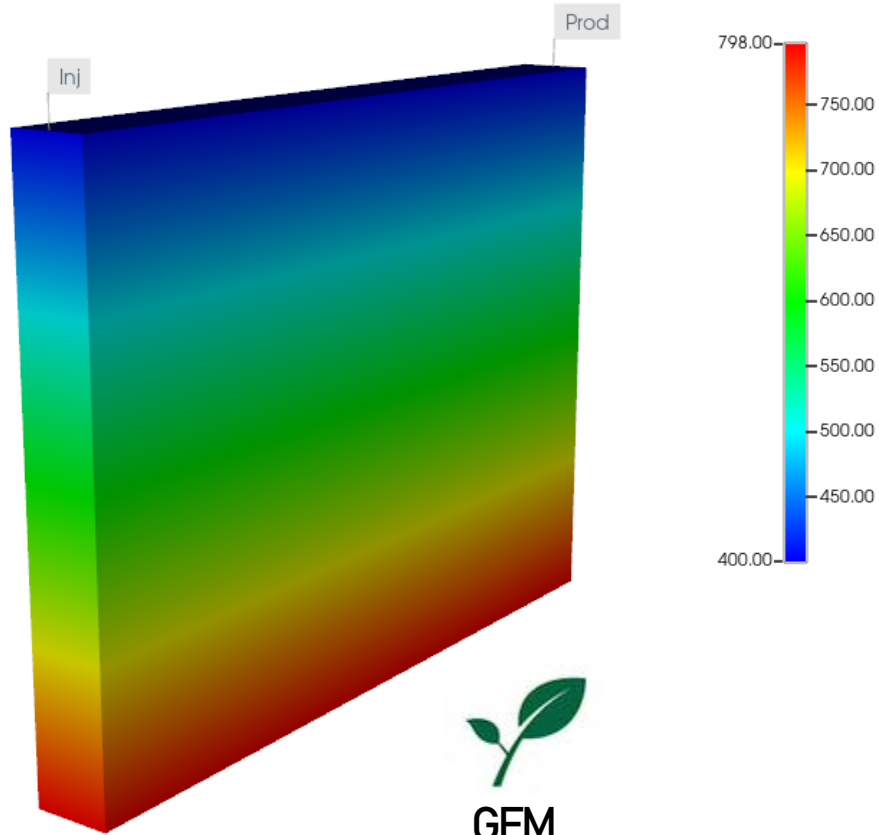
Conceptual Model



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Model Description

CMGBuilder_Lithium_Brine_ComSalt.sr3
Grid Top (m) 2021-Jan-01



Cartesian Grid 100 x 1 x 200

Porosity: 8%

Permeability: 500 mD

Aqueous components

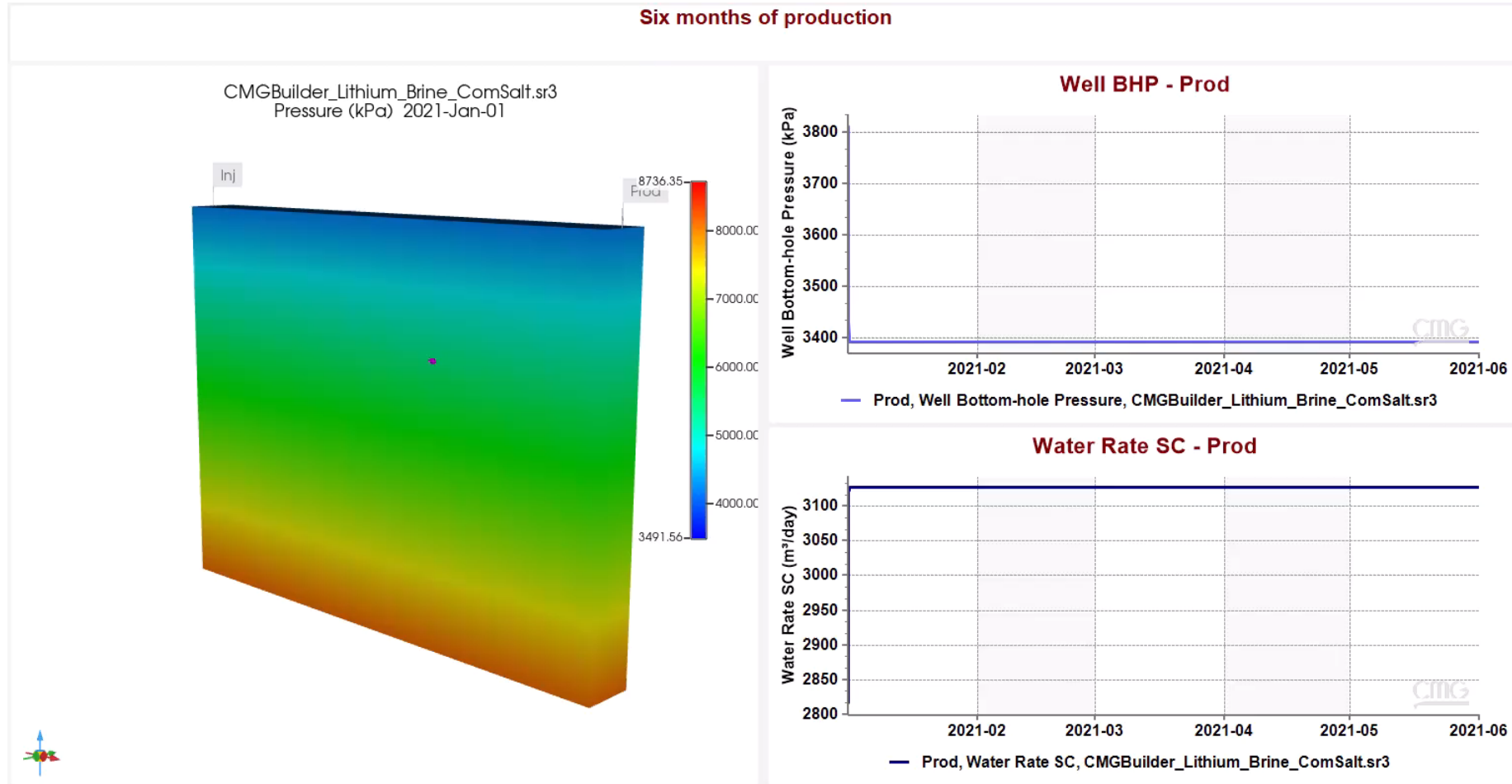
- Magnesium 76 ppm
- Potassium 5000 ppm
- Chlorine 1000 ppm
- Sodium 1000 ppm
- Lithium 289 ppm



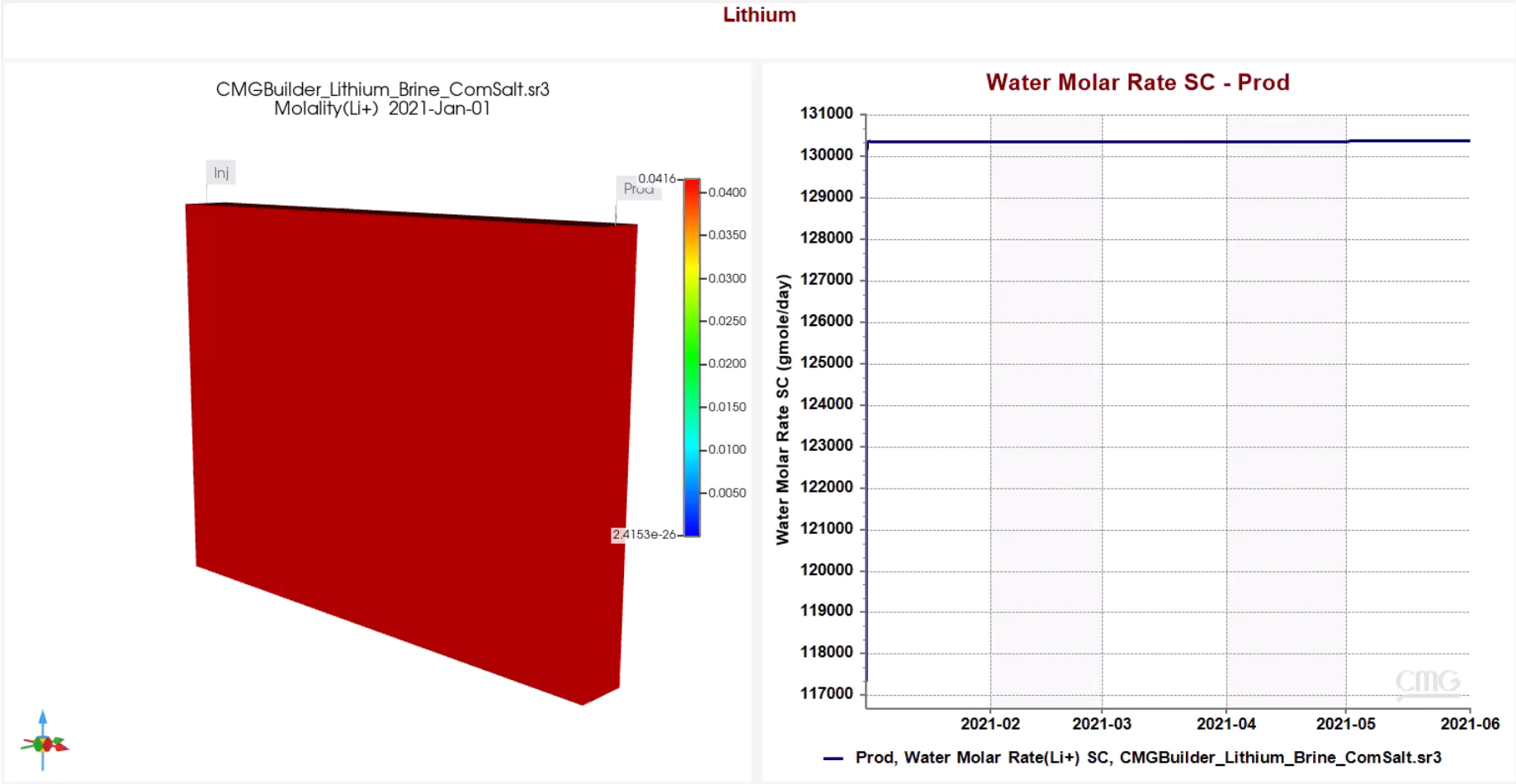
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Results



Results



Results

Total Component Amounts in Reservoir

Aqueous Components

	Moles	kg
Mg ⁺⁺	= 2.51125E+06	6.10359E+04
K ⁺	= 1.03155E+08	4.03317E+06
Cl ⁻	= 2.26603E+07	8.03375E+05
Na ⁺	= 3.49449E+07	8.03375E+05
Li ⁺	= 3.34263E+07	2.32012E+05

Cumulative Field Total at Reservoir Conditions for Components.....

Comp	Cum Inj gmole	Cum Prod gmole	Accum gmole	Acc/ (Inj-Pro)	Recovery %	Error mol in place, %
FC7	0.00000E+00	5.72848E-04	-5.72829E-04	9.99967E-01	9.41547E-06	3.13276E-10
H2O	2.62345E+10	2.62358E+10	-1.16633E+06	8.99512E-01	5.88904E+01	1.84073E-04
Mg ⁺⁺	1.47881E+06	1.47888E+06	-6.57447E+01	8.99512E-01	5.88904E+01	1.84073E-04
K ⁺	6.07451E+07	6.07481E+07	-2.70060E+03	8.99512E-01	5.88904E+01	1.84073E-04
Cl ⁻	1.33441E+07	1.33447E+07	-5.93249E+02	8.99512E-01	5.88904E+01	1.84073E-04
Na ⁺	2.05782E+07	2.05792E+07	-9.14860E+02	8.99512E-01	5.88904E+01	1.84073E-04
Li ⁺	0.00000E+00	1.96849E+07	-1.96848E+07	9.99995E-01	5.88904E+01	2.70761E-04

CMOST



CMOST-AI



Well allocation for producer and disposal wells



Operational conditions

Conclusions

- CMG's technology can be used to model both oil and gas reservoirs, as well as to model other types of reservoirs that are part of the global energy transition.
- Both GEM and STARS can be used to simulate lithium brine reservoirs
- With CMG you can combine energy transition technologies such as geothermal and lithium production
- Companies can use CMG to assess the increase in profits from the exploitation of lithium in oil and gas fields
- With CMOST you can design and optimize your lithium reservoir development plan

Acknowledgment

- Varun Pathak
- Argenis Alvarez





CMG's Vision:

To be the leading developer and supplier of dynamic reservoir and production technologies in the WORLD





Contact

For more information
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R&D Investment

CMG reinvests 20%
annual revenue back into R&D,
to further innovation and drive
technology forward



Superior Software

CMG delivers easy to use
software that provides the
most accurate results



Dedicated Support

Experienced technical sales &
support personnel, deliver high-
quality, timely and personalized
customer support



Relevant Training

CMG's industry renowned
reservoir software training
provides the skills to improve
productivity and efficiency